junkyard lawfully established or maintained under State law which is reclassified from conforming to nonconforming under revised State regulations and policy pursuant to this part.

- (g) Federal funds may participate in the costs of acquisition of a dwelling in exceptional cases where such acquisition is found necessary and in the public interest, and where acquisition of the dwelling can be accomplished without resort to eminent domain.
- (h) Federal funds shall not participate in:
- (1) Costs associated with the control of illegal junkyards except for removal by State personnel on a force account basis or by contract, or in costs of controlling junkyards established after the effective date of the State's compliance law except where a conforming junkyard later becomes nonconforming due to changed conditions;
- (2) Any costs associated with the acquisition of any dwelling or its related buildings if acquired through eminent domain in connection with the junk-yard control program;
- (3) Costs of acquisition of interests or rights as a measure for prohibition or control of the establishment of future junkvards:
- (4) Costs of maintaining screening devices after they have been erected; or
- (5) Costs of screening junk which has been or will be removed as a part of a junkyard control project.

$\S\,751.19$ Documentation for Federal participation.

The following information concerning each eligible junkyard must be available in the States' files to be eligible for Federal participation in the costs thereof:

- (a) Satisfactory evidence of ownership of the junk or junkyard or both.
- (b) Value or cost documentation (including separate interests if applicable) including proof of obligation or payment of funds.
- (c) Evidence that the necessary property interests have passed to the State and that the junk has been screened, relocated, removed or disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this part.
- (d) If a dwelling has been acquired by condemnation, evidence that the costs

involved are not included in the State's claim for participation.

[40 FR 8551, Feb. 28, 1975; 40 FR 12260, Mar. 18, 1975]

§ 751.21 Relocation assistance.

Relocation assistance benefits pursuant to 49 CFR part 24 are available for:

- (a) The actual reasonable moving expenses of the junk, actual direct loss of tangible personal property and actual reasonable expenses in searching for a replacement business or, if the eligibility requirements are met, a payment in lieu of such expenses.
- (b) Relocation assistance in locating a replacement business.
- (c) Moving costs of personal property from a dwelling and relocation assistance in locating a replacement dwelling, provided the acquisition of the real property used for the business causes a person to vacate a dwelling.
- (d) Replacement housing payments if the acquisition of the dwelling is found by FHWA to be necessary for the federally assisted junkyard control project.
- [40 FR 8551, Feb. 28, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 34094, Aug. 23, 1985; 54 FR 47076, Nov. 9,

§ 751.23 Concurrent junkyard control and right-of-way projects.

The State is encouraged to coordinate junkyard control and highway right-of-way projects. Expenses incurred in furtherance of concurrent projects shall be prorated between projects.

§751.25 Programming and authorization.

- (a) Junkyard control projects shall be programmed in accordance with the provisions of part 630, subpart A of this chapter. Such projects may include one or more junkyards.
- (b) Authorization to proceed with a junkyard control project may be given when the State submits a written request to FHWA which includes the following:
- (1) The zoning and validation of the legal status of each junkyard on the project;